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MEDIUM-MU TRIODE— SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

*For use in mobile communications equipment
operating from 6-cell storage-battery systems*

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage range. 12 to 15 ac or dc volts

Current (Approx.) at

13.5 volts 0.195 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

Without
External
ShieldWith
External
Shield^o

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate. 1.7 μf Grid to cathode and heater 2.7 μf Plate to cathode and
heater 0.4 1 μf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate 0.01 max. 0.006 max. μf Grid No.1 to all other
electrodes except plate. 5 5 μf Plate to all other
electrodes except
grid No.1. 2.5 3.4 μf Heater to cathode (Each unit). 3 3^o μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Triode
UnitPentode
Unit

Heater Voltage 13.5 13.5 volts

Plate-Supply Voltage 150 250 volts

Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid)

Supply Voltage — 110 volts

Cathode Resistor 56 68 ohms

Amplification Factor 40 —

Plate Resistance (Approx.) 4700 400000 ohms

Transconductance 8500 5200 μmhos

Plate Current. 18 10 ma

Grid-No.2 Current. — 3.5 ma

Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for
plate $\mu\text{a} = 10$ -12 -10 volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any

Maximum Overall Length 2-3/16"

Maximum Seated Length. 1-15/16"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) .1-9/16" $\pm$ 3/32"

Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"

Dimensional Outline. See General Section

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Bulb. T6-1/2
Base. Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9AE

Pin 1—Triode Plate

Pin 2—Pentode

Grid No.1

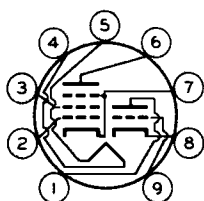
Pin 3—Pentode

Grid No.2

Pin 4—Heater

Pin 5—Heater

Pin 6—Pentode Plate



Pin 7—Pentode

Cathode,

Pentode

Grid No.3,

Internal

Shield

Pin 8—Triode Cathode

Pin 9—Triode Grid

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	—	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	—	See Grid-No.2 Input	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID)

VOLTAGE:

Positive-bias value 0 max. 0 max. volts

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages up to

150 volts — 0.5 max. watt

For grid-No.2 voltages

between 150 and 300 volts — See Grid-No.2 Input

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION 2.5 max. 2.8 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with

respect to cathode. 120 max. 120 max. volts

Heater positive with

respect to cathode. 120 max. 120 max. volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1—Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias-operation. . .	0.5 max.	0.5 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation. .	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

○ With external shield JETEC No.315 connected to cathode of unit under test except as noted.

● With external shield JETEC No.315 connected to ground.



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CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES FOR EQUIPMENT DESIGN

	Note	Min.	Max.	
Heater Current	1	0.179	0.211	amp
Transconductance (Triode unit)	1,2	6800	10200	μ nhos
Plate Current (Triode unit)	1,3	12.7	23.3	ma
Transconductance (Pentode unit)	1,4	3900	6500	μ nhos
Plate Current (Pentode unit)	1,5	7.5	12.5	ma
Grid-No.2 Current (Pentode unit)	1,5	2.2	4.8	ma
Reverse Grid-No.1 Current (Total—both units)	1,6	—	-1.5	μ a
Heater-Cathode Leakage Current (Each unit):				
Heater negative with respect to cathode	1,7	—	5	μ a
Heater positive with respect to cathode	1,7	—	5	μ a
Leakage Resistance (Each unit):				
Between grid No.1 and all other electrodes of both units tied together.	1,8	50	—	megohms
Between plate and all other electrodes of both units tied together.	1,9	50	—	megohms

Note 1: With ac or dc heater volts = 13.5.

Note 2: With dc plate-supply volts = 150, cathode resistor (ohms) = 56, and cathode-bypass capacitor (μ f) = 1000.

Note 3: With dc plate-supply volts = 150, and cathode resistor (ohms) = 56.

Note 4: With dc plate-supply volts = 250, grid-No.2 supply volts = 110, cathode resistor (ohms) = 68, and cathode-bypass capacitor (μ f) = 1000.

Note 5: With dc plate-supply volts = 250, grid-No.2 supply volts = 110, and cathode resistor (ohms) = 68.

Note 6: With triode dc plate volts = 150, pentode dc plate volts = 250, grid-No.2 volts = 110, grid-No.1 volts = -1.5 on both units, and grid-No.1 resistor (megohms) = 0.5 for each unit.

Note 7: With 50 volts dc between heater and cathode.

Note 8: With grid No.1 100 volts negative with respect to all other electrodes of both units tied together.

Note 9: With plate 300 volts negative with respect to all other electrodes of both units tied together.

SPECIAL RATINGS & PERFORMANCE DATA

Heater-Cycling Life Performance:

This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run. A minimum of 2000 cycles of intermittent operation is applied under the following conditions: heater volts = 17 cycled one minute on and four minutes off, heater 135 volts negative with respect to cathode, and all other elements connected to ground. At the end of this test, tubes are checked for heater-cathode shorts and open circuits.

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Low-Frequency Vibration Performance:

This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run under the following conditions:

Triode Unit:

Heater volts = 13.5, plate-supply volts = 150, grid volts = -1.5, plate load resistor (ohms) = 2000, and vibrational acceleration of 2.5 g at 25 cps. In this test, the rms output voltage must not exceed 150 millivolts.

Pentode Unit:

Heater volts = 13.5, plate-supply volts = 250, grid-No.2 volts = 110, grid-No.1 volts = -1.5, plate load resistor (ohms) = 2000, and vibrational acceleration of 2.5 g at 25 cps. In this test, the rms output voltage must not exceed 250 millivolts.

500-Hour Intermittent Life Performance:

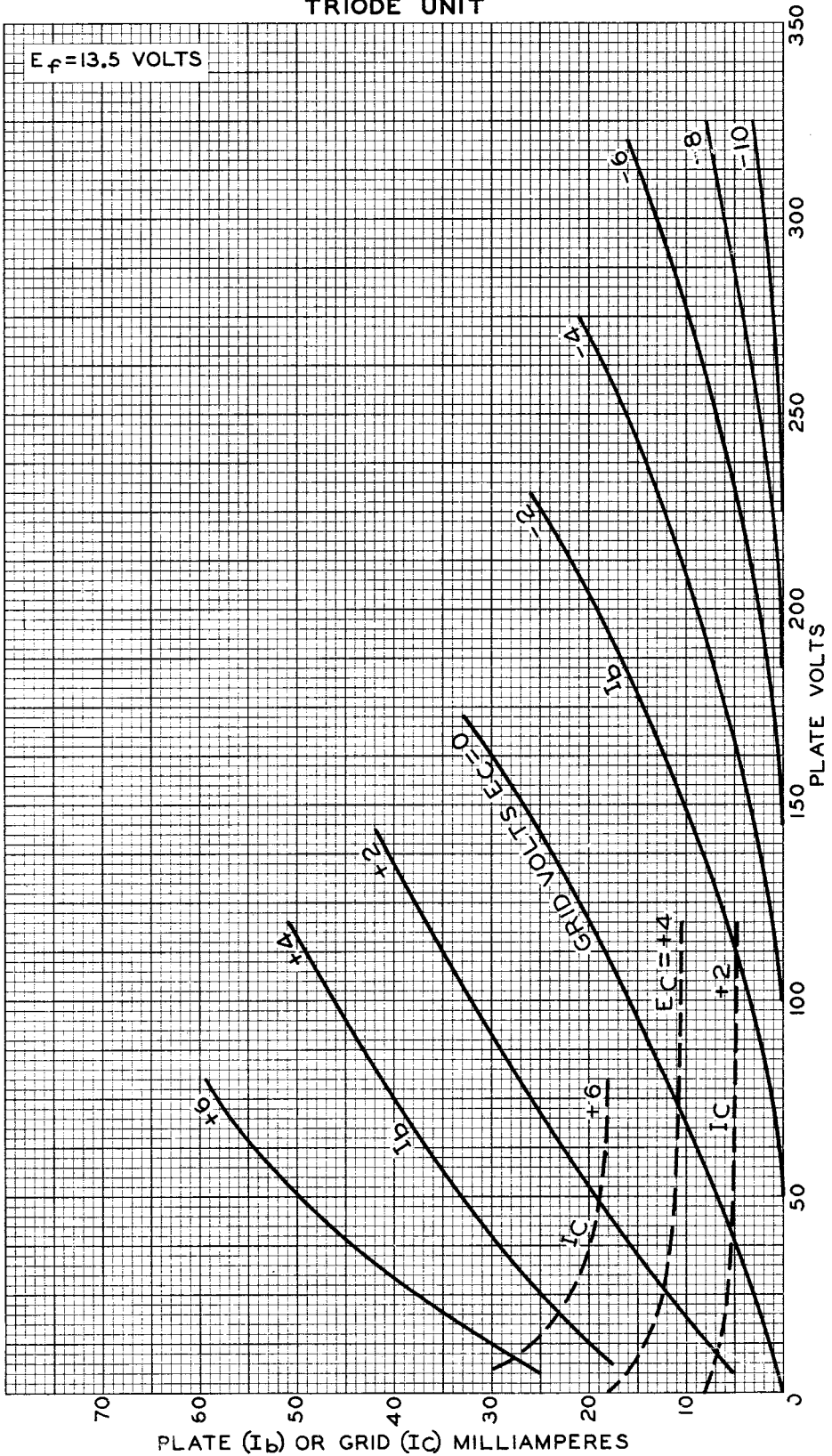
This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run to insure high quality of the individual tube and to guard against epidemic failures. Life testing is conducted under the following conditions: heater volts = 15 and maximum-rated plate dissipation and grid-No.2 input.



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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-9810

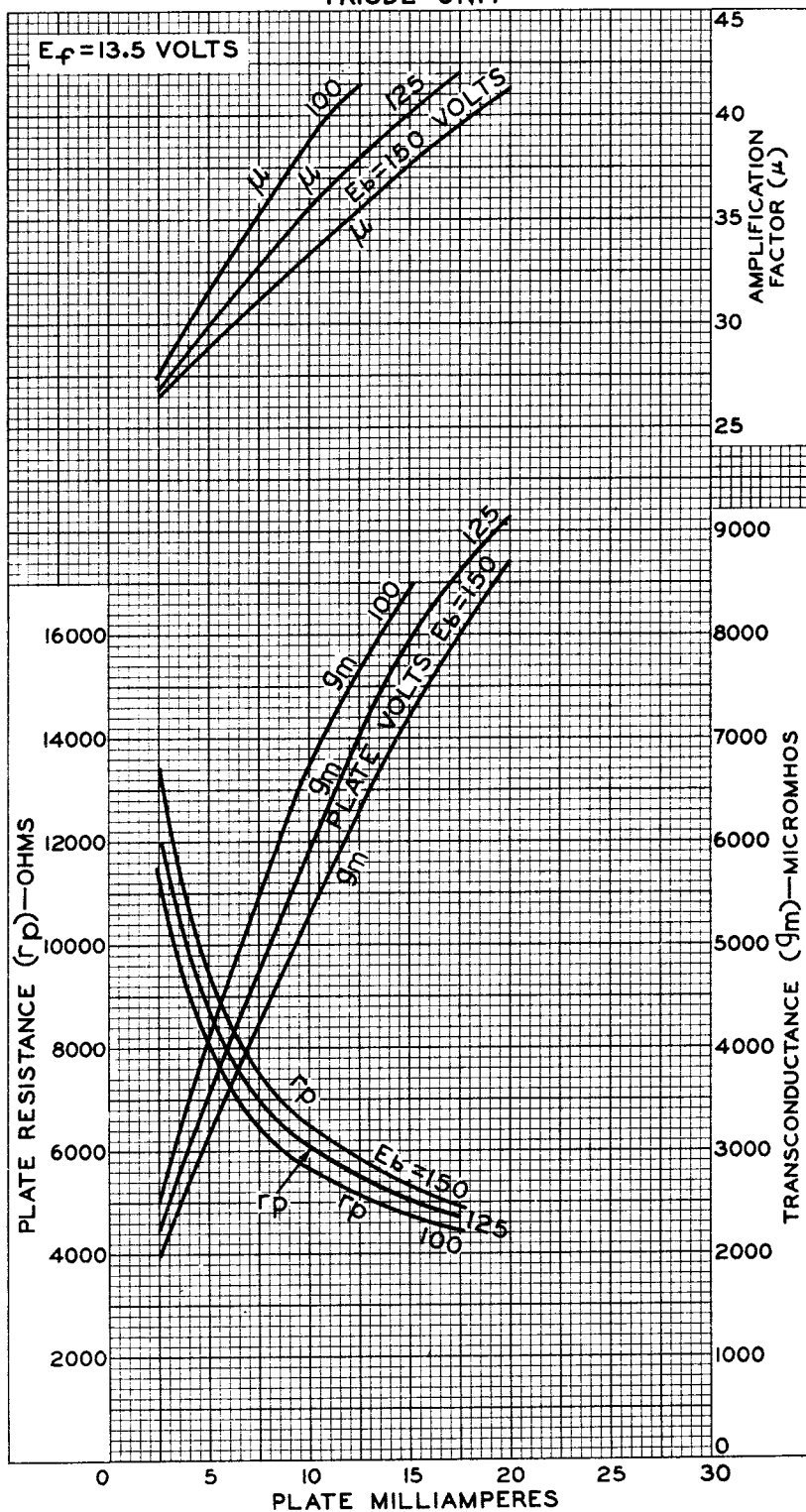
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-9812

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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE UNIT

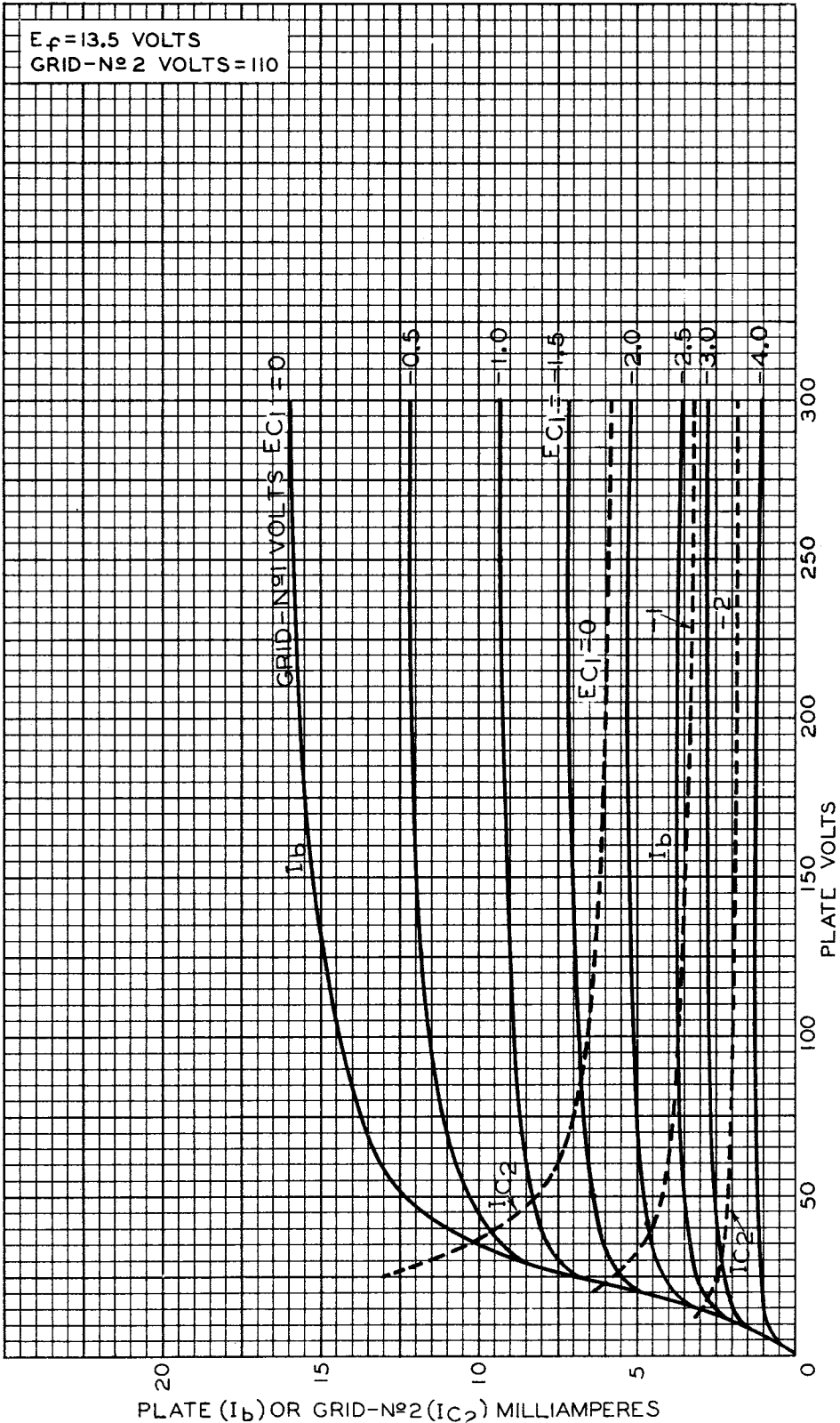


PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-Nº 2 (I_{C2}) MILLIAMPERES

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-9809

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